

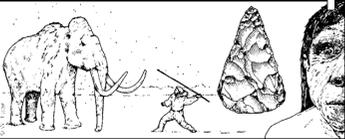
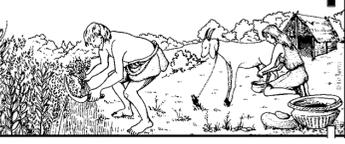
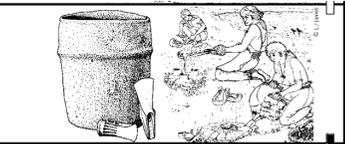


Coleman Primary School

Year 3 Autumn 1 Knowledge Organiser

History—Stone Age to Iron Age

Prehistoric Timeline

<p>Paleolithic 500,000-10,000BC</p> 	<h4>Stone Age</h4> <p>When the first humans started to live in Europe. They used stone for tools and were hunter-gatherers.</p>
<p>Mesolithic 10,000-4000BC</p> 	
<p>Neolithic 4000-2400BC</p> 	
<p>Bronze Age 2400-700BC</p> 	<h4>Bronze Age</h4> <p>People started using metal to make tools. They learned new ways to make pottery. They began to farm land.</p>
<p>Iron Age 700BC-AD43</p> 	<h4>Iron Age</h4> <p>People used metal to make things. They farmed land instead of hunting and lived in communities, some called hill forts.</p>

Key Vocabulary: Stone Age to Iron Age	
ancient: belonging to the very distant past and no longer in existence	tribes: groups of people that live together for protection
prehistoric: the period before written records	agriculture: the practice of farming and growing crops (plants)
BC: Before Christ. A date such as 3000BC means 3000 years before the year 1AD (there was no year zero)	hunter-gatherer: a human living in a society in which most or all food is obtained by collecting wild plants and catching wild animals
AD: Anno Domini in Latin which stands for 'in the year of our lord'. A date such as 2018 AD means 2018 years after Jesus is supposed to have been born	artefacts: objects made by human beings
settlement: a place where a group of people live together in many buildings	monument: something built to remember an important person or event
flint: a type of stone that can be shaped into blades, knives and spears for hunting	archaeologist: a person who learns about the past by digging up artefacts and studying them

What you will know

- *To know the three periods of the Stone Age, the Bronze Age and the Iron Age and the order in which they occurred.
- * To know about every day life in the Stone Age including: houses, diet and clothing
- *To know some of the artefacts found at Skara Brae and what they were used for.
- *To know that Stonehenge was erected and may have been built for special purposes.
- * To know that in the Bronze Age, bronze was made from copper and tin and used to make improved tools and weapons. Pottery was also introduced by the Beaker People.
- * To know that the Amesbury Archer gives us clues about life in the Bronze Age
- *To know why iron replaced bronze in the Bronze Age and that people began to live in hillforts.
- * To know that people in Britain during the Iron Age were called celts.
- *To know that house changed from caves to wooden structures over the time periods studied.